

Checklist for engaging spontaneous volunteers



Checklist for not-for-profit organisations

During disasters, organisations are often overwhelmed by offers of help from the community and receive an influx of spontaneous volunteers.

A spontaneous volunteer is someone who offers help in this informal way in response to a disaster event and is not formally recognised as a volunteer of the organisation.



For more information, see our webpage '<u>Managing spontaneous volunteers during a</u> <u>disaster</u>'.

If your organisation decides to engage spontaneous volunteers, use the following checklist to develop a policy to minimise risks and ensure the safety and effectiveness of your spontaneous volunteers.

| Checklist for engaging spontaneous volunteers | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Before there is a disaster | | | |
| • | set up a process for screening and registering spontaneous volunteers | | |
| • | create role descriptions and prepare a simple volunteer agreement template that's easy to access, understand and agree to, and consider online alternatives that a volunteer can 'click' to accept A volunteer agreement is a generally non legal binding document that sets out the prepagaments between the organization and the volunteer. It is often used with a | | |
| | arrangements between the organisation and the volunteer. It is often used with a volunteer role description that outlines the authorised duties of the volunteer. | | |
| • | consider how you could adapt your existing process and policies for formal volunteers to cater for spontaneous volunteers – for example, how could you modify your existing induction program | | |
| Screening spontaneous volunteers | | | |
| • | conduct appropriate background screening Even in a disaster, organisations are required to conduct certain screening, especially for roles involving vulnerable people, such as children (for more information, see <u>our</u> <u>webpage on background checks</u>). While full background checks might not be feasible | | |

© 2024 Justice Connect. This information was last updated in December 2024 and is not legal advice; full disclaimer and copyright notice at www.nfplaw.org.au/disclaimer.

| Checklist for engaging spontaneous volunteers | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | under time constraints, organisations can implement basic screening processes. This might include checking IDs, obtaining basic references, or asking volunteers to sign declarations regarding their suitability for certain roles. | | |
| • | ensure each volunteer has the necessary skills, training or experience to perform the clearly defined role safely and effectively | | |
| Engaging spontaneous volunteers | | | |
| • | have an induction process Give a brief induction so volunteers understand the role and key details such as, who their supervisor is and communication streams. Explain what may be encountered and supports available. | | |
| • | provide training Given the spontaneous nature of these volunteers, creating short, role-specific training modules, simplified safety guides or 'cheat sheets' that can be quickly disseminated is recommended. | | |
| • | ensure volunteers are appropriately supervised Regular check-ins or briefings throughout the day can also help keep volunteers informed and safe. Pairing less experienced volunteers with seasoned staff or volunteers can help bridge a skill gap. | | |
| • | ensure the number of volunteers on-site at any given time is manageable To manage the number of volunteers onsite, organisations can set up a central coordination point where volunteers are assigned specific roles based on immediate needs and their skills. | | |
| • | evaluate and update your process and policies Continually monitor your processes and policies, making sure the agreed controls have been put in place, and assessing whether improvements can be made. | | |

Тір

If you anticipate that you may need to upscale your volunteer workforce during a disaster quickly, consider preparing a roster of volunteers who have already signed an agreement during calmer times.

Note – insurance

Review your organisation's insurance policies to ensure that coverage extends to its spontaneous volunteers. For more information, see our webpage 'Insurance challenges that not-for-profit organisations face due to disasters'